## **Smoke and Sunsets**



Image by Pete Zimowsky via The Idaho Statesman

Each summer, wildfire smoke affects our lives, sometimes even prohibiting outdoor activities. While the negative impacts of smoke in the air are numerous, one thing you can always count on is a beautiful sunset. Sometimes the sun even appears orange or red in the middle of the day. This is only one phenomena involving light that students may have observed when there are particulates in the air. How would a student explain this phenomenon? How can different ages engage with this phenomenon? First grade students might make observations about the brightness of the sun on smokey days compared to clear days. Middle school students might create a model explaining how different frequencies of light interact with particles in the air to explain the brilliant colors in a sunset.

## **Additional Resources:**

• Idaho Statesman Article What is it about smoke that makes a sunset more intense?

## **Performance Standards:**

1 <sup>st</sup> Grade	4 <sup>th</sup> Grade	Middle School	High School
1-PS-1.3. Plan and	4-PS-2.2. Develop a	MS-PS-4.2. Develop	HS-PSP-3.1. Use
conduct investigations	model to describe that	and use a model to	mathematical
to determine the effect	light reflecting from	describe that waves are	representations to
of placing objects made	objects and entering	reflected, absorbed, or	support a claim
with different materials	the eye allows objects	transmitted through	regarding relationships
in the path of a beam of	to be seen.	various materials.	among the frequency,
light.			wavelength, and speed
			of waves traveling in
			various media.



